



POWER QUALITY ANALYZER 3196

Power Measuring Instruments



Investigate All Your Power Quality Problems





JMI-0216





PQA-HIVIEW PRO 9624-50 Compatible to 400Hz Circuits!

Capture all power anomalies without fail!

Problems with power quality are all around us

Have you ever experienced any of the following?

- Flickering lights
- Light bulbs burn out quickly
- · Electronic office equipment does not function properly
- Sometimes devices operate abnormally
- · Overheating in facilities using condensers fitted with
- 3E (electrical overload, reverse phase, or phase loss) relays sometimes trip

These types of problems and others are often due to degraded power quality.

Discovering the cause can be difficult

The quickest way to solve power problems is to have a clear understanding of the cause, and be able to determine where the phenomenon occurred. However, it is not always possible to accurately grasp all of the various types of anomalies that may occur on power lines, even when using recording or harmonic analysis devices to investigate them.



Dedicated measuring instruments are required in order to accurately grasp these kinds of anomalies.

Fully identify the many phenomena hiding in your power lines

Overlooking the smallest of power anomalies can lead to enormous financial loss. Checking the quality of your power lines is the best way to prevent problems before they occur.

Transient Overvoltage (Impulse)

Phenomenon:

Occurs due to lightning or circuit breaker/relay contact damage or closure. Often involves radical changes in voltage with high voltage neaks.



In the vicinity of the event, high voltage often damages equipment power supplies or causes devices to reset.

Instantaneous interruptions Phenomenon:

An instantaneous or short/long term power supply interruption caused by accidents at the power company (such as interruption of power transmission due to lightning strike) or tripping of breakers due a power supply short.



Damage:

Thanks to the increasingly widespread

adoption of uninterruptible power supplies, equipment such as computers is increasingly protected against this problem. However, it may still cause other devices to stop operating or reset.

Voltage Dip

Phenomenon:

Caused by momentary voltage drops resulting from large rush current in loads, such as when starting up a motor.

Damage:

The drop in voltage may cause devices to stop operating or reset.



Harmonics

Phenomenon:

Often occurs due to voltage/current waveform distortion when a semiconductor control device is used in a device's power supply.

Damage:

When harmonic components become too

large, they can cause serious malfunctions, such as overheating in motor transformers, or burn-out of reactors connected to phase advance capacitors.

● Voltage Swell

Phenomenon:

Caused by lightning strikes or opening/closing power lines with heavy loads, causing the voltage to swell momentarily.

Damage:

The surge in voltage may damage equipment power supplies or cause devices to reset.



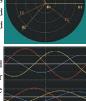
Unbalance factor

Phenomenon:

Voltage/current waveform distortion and voltage drops or voltage phase reversals can occur when the load on a particular power line phase increases due to load fluctuations or imbalances.

Damage:

Voltage imbalance, reverse phase voltage, and harmonics can result in events such as uneven motor rotation, tripping of 3E breakers, and overheating due



to transformer overloading.



• Flicker (IEC, ΔV10)

Phenomenon:

Caused by blast furnaces, arc welding, and thyristor-controlled loads, and involving regularly repeated voltage impulses spanning



Damage:

Because this phenomenon is cyclically repeated, it may cause lights to flicker or devices to malfunction.

The 3196 can simultaneously measure, record, and analyze all of the above phenomena.



Supports data analysis with a wide range of functions!

The 3196 measures, records and analyzes power line quality

Features

■ Supports single-phase 2-wire, single-phase 3-wire, three-phase 3-wire and three-phase 4-wire systems. Further, the unit has an extra input channel providing enhanced analysis capabilities.

An isolated CH4 terminal is provided for AC and DC measurement.

- Neutral line measurement you can use for ground fault detection!
- Analyze DC power supplies
- Performs simultaneous analysis of two isolated systems, such as single phase and three phase lines

■ Comes equipped with Δ -Y and Y- Δ conversion functions

Supports Δ-Y voltage conversion for three-phase, 3-wire systems, and Y-Δ voltage conversion for three-phase, 4-wire systems. Selectable display of interline voltage and phase voltage.

■ Wide selection of clamp on current sensors

In addition to clamp-on current sensors Models 9660 (100 A), 9661(500 A), 9669 (1000 A), and 9667 (5000 A, flexible), HIOKI also provides the 9694 (5 A) sensor, which is ideal for CT terminal measurement, as well as two other clamps for 5A leak measurement, Models 9657-10 and 9675, to suit every application need.

■ Three-phase voltage wiring adapter (optional)

Use the wiring adapter to simplify voltage wiring procedures.

- 9264-01 for three-phase, 3-wire systems
- 9264-02 for three-phase, 4-wire systems
- * The 9264-01/02 Wiring Adapters are designed to reduce voltage cord wiring to a bare minimum for use with specific power lines. Do not use with installations other than those specified.





External event input/output terminals

Event output:

Outputs a signal when events occur-either as an alarm or device control signal.

Accepts a trigger signal to initiate measurement.

Small and Lightweight

Compact A4 size, and weighing only 2.25 kg (79.4 oz).

Optional printer for easy hard copy output

terminal for easy hard copy output of screens.



Printing method: Thermal line dot Printing width: 72 mm (2.83")
Printing speed: 47.5 mm/sec (1.87"/sec) Power supply : 9671 AC ADAPTER or the BATTERY PACK

Dimensions and mass: 119 (4.69") × 77 (3.03") × 174 (6.85") mm, approx. 500 g (17.6 oz.)

■ Full compatibility to 400Hz circuits

(Please specify inspection data sheet requirements for 400 Hz test points at time of order.)

■ Simultaneous measurement and continuous processing

All data are measured simultaneously and processing is performed continuously, so important fault data is not missed.

Further, transient overvoltages up to 2000 V with durations as low as $0.5 \mu s$ are captured without fail.

Seven different display languages

Select a display language from Japanese, English, German, French, Spanish, Italian or Chinese . You can switch between the different display languages to suit your location.

■ 6.4-inch color LCD

The unit uses a TFT color LCD screen, providing bright display with a wide viewing angle. The color display provides easy viewing of waveforms, both

Extended measurement of up to one month with internal memory

The unit's internal memory (13 MB) supports up to one month of continuous recording.

- *The amount of time available for continuous measurement can be checked when setting the measurement interval.
- *Use a PC card to record at shorter measurement intervals over longer periods in conjunction with the internal memory.

Storage	Storage of Events	Interval	Power	P&Harm	ALL DATA	
Media	(Usage capacity)	time	Saving RMS only	Saving RMS + harmonics	Save all data	
		1 s	2 h 01 m	8 m	5 m	
Internal Memory Time Series: 5MB Fixed Events: 8MB Fixed		1 m	5 days 1 hour	8 h 29 m	5 h 45 m	
		1 h	31 days	21 days 5 h	14 days 9 h	
	When storing 100 (approx. 8MB)	1 m	31 days [119 days]	8 days 8 h	5 days 16 h	
PC Card (128MB)	Max. 1000 (approx. 81MB)	1 m	31 days [36 days]	2 days 13 h	1 days 17 h	
	Max. 1000 (approx. 81MB)	1 s	14 h 40 m	1 h 1 m	41 m	

- *When recoriding Time Series data, select MAX/MIN/AVE
- *Refer to the specifications for details regarding the recordable items.
- *Max. continuous save: 31 days
- *During the measurement period, all dips, swells and interruptions are calculated.

Flash ATA cards up to 528 MB can be used to allow more detailed data collection.

Compact flash cards can also be used with an adapter.

■ LAN and RS-232C interfaces

The 3196 features an HTTP server to enable easy configuration and data analysis through a Web browser from a remote location.

■ Synchronize the 3196 clock

Connect the optional XD112 GPS Box to make sure the time recorded for measured events is based on the global standard time.

Set includes antenna and RS-232C cable

Connect the optional 9670 printer to the RS-232C Two types of carrying case available (optional) Choose from the soft (9339) or hard (9340) carrying

case and measure while the 3196 is safely stored.



Model 9339

soft case



The bottom side of the case holds accessories

Real-time data display for power supplies

Display waveform, vector, DMM, and harmonic data in real-time

The VIEW screen displays voltage/current waveforms, vector diagrams, DMM values (voltage, current, and power), and harmonic data. All data can be measured and processed simultaneously, and power conditions such as distortion factor, K factor, and the unbalance factor for three-phase lines can be monitored using the various data displays.

Connect the 3196 to a power source to display power line data in real-time

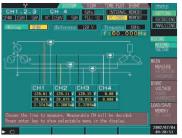
All power line conditions can be monitored from the VIEW screen!

- Display data in real-time
- -1. Waveform display (voltage/current display, 4-channel voltage display, 4-channel current display)
- -2. Vector display
- -3. DMM display (power, voltage, and current displays)
- -4. Harmonics (graph and list displays)

- Power management through a rich array of information
- -1. Check the distortion of power waveforms using electronic devices and electrical overloads.
- -2. Manage the phase of power lines. Check the phase and wiring of the VT (PT) and CT
- Manage, maintain and check the unbalance factor, peak values, and distortion factor of power lines
- -4. Assess and develop countermeasures to prevent the occurrence of harmonic power flow.

Check for proper instrument connection using the numerical value or vector display

Connect the 3196 to the power line to be monitored while viewing the connection diagram. Upon connection, you can confirm voltage, current, and power values. Further, through the vector display, you can verify proper connection of clamp-on current sensors to the VT (PT) and CT terminals.

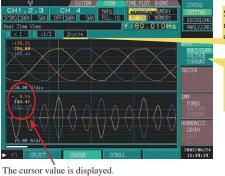






Waveform display

This displays the voltage and current waveforms for each phase. Waveform display makes it easy to understand distortion conditions that (as with harmonics) are difficult to grasp from numerical values alone.



Select a waveform display range of 2, 4, 10, or 12

Display either dual screens for voltage and current, or waveforms for individual voltage and current phases.

DMM display

This displays detailed data for voltage, current, and power. View the data necessary for power management or maintenance and inspection of power lines at a single glance.



Detailed values for voltage, current and power are displayed.

Vector display

This displays the voltage and current vectors for each phase, as well as RMS values and phase angles as numerical values. Easily check the phase of three-phase lines and harmonics.



Displays the unbalance factor when measuring three-phase power lines. (For 3P3W3M and 3P4W settings)

Display the fundamental voltage waveform for the 1st order (U1, U2, and U3) as a phase angle of 360° as a standard.

Ideal for checking three-phase power lines

Harmonics display

This displays harmonics and inter-harmonics data in a graph or list. You can also display the phase difference for each harmonic order, and work out the current direction for harmonics. You can select all of the connected channels.



Inter-harmonics display Detailed numerical data for up to the 50th harmonic (light blue) order is displayed in a list.

Capture anomalies while using time series measurement to monitor power lines

Simultaneous time series monitoring for RMS fluctuations, voltage fluctuations, harmonics fluctuations, and flickering

RMS fluctuation, voltage fluctuation, harmonic fluctuation, and flicker (IEC and $\Delta V10$) time series data is displayed on the TIME PLOT screen. In addition to cursor measurement, you can enlarge events that occur in the voltage fluctuation event screen if a voltage dip, swell, or instantaneous interruption event occurs during the measurement period.

Simply set the interval and start time series measurement to display events in the fluctuation graph

Time series fluctuation results are displayed in the TIME PLOT screen

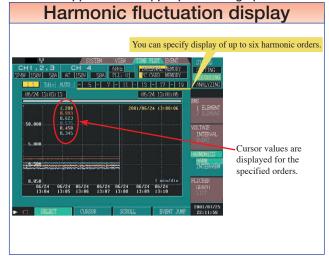
Continuous data calculation processing of all data without fail!

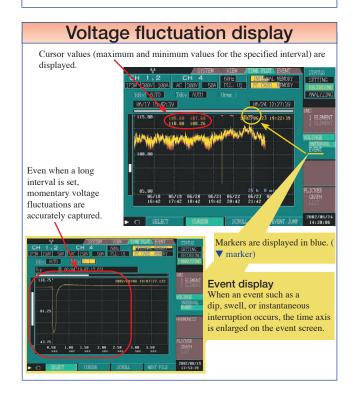
- All measurement results are automatically recorded
- -1. RMS fluctuation (dual screen display selection)
- -2. Voltage fluctuation (interval and event displays)
- -3. Harmonic fluctuation (harmonics and inter-harmonics displays)
- -4. Flicker (graph and list displays)
 - Pst and Plt measurement conditions according to IEC standards
 - Δ V10 measurement (according to Japanese domestic guidelines)
- Calculation method for measured data
- -1. RMS fluctuations/Harmonic fluctuations: Values are calculated continuously every 200 ms. The maximum, minimum, and average values are those applicable within the specified interval.
- -2. Voltage fluctuations: Values are calculated for a single waveform shifted by a half wave. The maximum and minimum values are those applicable within the specified interval. Detailed measurement of voltage fluctuations is possible because values are calculated every half wave.
- Flicker: Values are calculated in accordance using calculation methods defined in the IEC and ΔV10 standards.

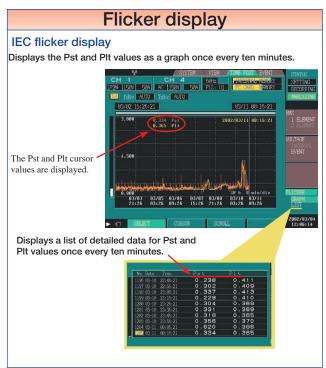
In addition to displaying the various measurements in fluctuation graphs, the 3196 also displays the maximum, minimum, and average values for each specified interval.

Further, when the 3196 captures a power anomaly, an event marker appears in the upper part of the graph.

Further, when the 3196 captures a power anomaly, an e RMS fluctuation display When a power anomaly occurs during measurement, the event is indicated using the ▼ marker. All RMS measurement items can be selected for display. Dual screen display is possible for combinations such as voltage and current. Cursor values (maximum, minimum, and average values for the specified interval) are displayed.







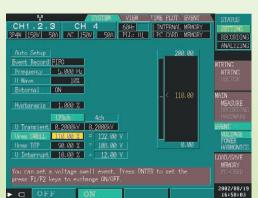
Use event data to analyze the cause of power anomalies!

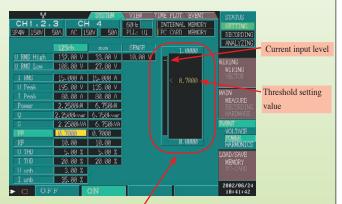
Display the details for power anomalies captured using event triggers

You can capture a variety of power anomalies by setting the individual trigger levels on the event setting screen. Captured data is displayed in the event list. This enables you to quickly confirm detailed data for phenomena (such as date/time, waveforms, RMS values, and harmonics), that are the source of problems, and effectively assess the cause of the problem.

Set event triggers, start measurement → Capture power anomalies → Search list → Display details



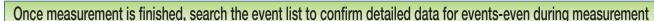




You can confirm the current input level.

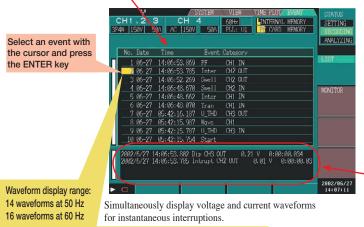
All trigger settings can be made at once, enabling accurate capture of complex power anomalies.

When using the unit's internal memory to save events, up to 100 events are automatically saved, or up to 1000 events when using a PC card.





The capture date and event category are displayed.



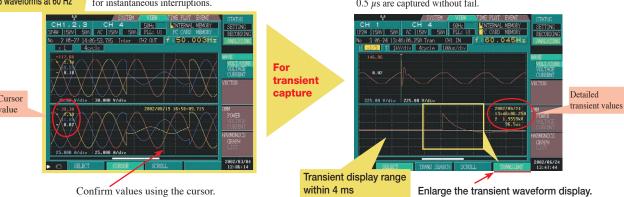
3. Confirm the number of captured events in the monitor screen.



The number of times each event occurred is visible at a glance. You can also check the events while they are being measured.

Shows <u>detailed data</u> for the event that you selected with the cursor. (Date of occurrence, event type, level, continuous measurement period)

Transient overvoltages up to 2000 Vpk with durations as low as 0.5 μ s are captured without fail.



Remote measurement is simplified using the HTTP server function

Real-time measurement/control and download measurement data over the Worldwide Web

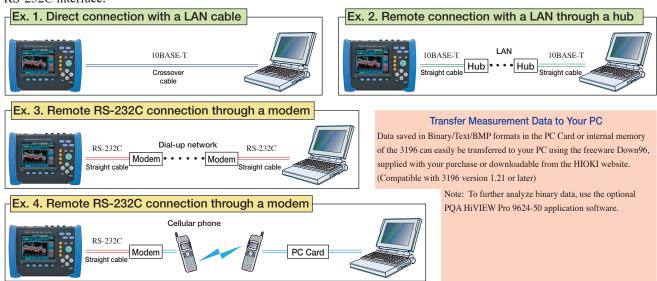
■ The HTTP server function as a standard feature makes remote measurement even more convenient

You can perform remote observation and control using an ordinary Web browser, such as Internet Explorer, without the need for special software. Further, you can download measurement data that has been saved onto a PC card.

Using the 3196 and your PC, you can observe power anomalies at remote locations and analyze measurement data

■ Choose from a variety of network measurement plans

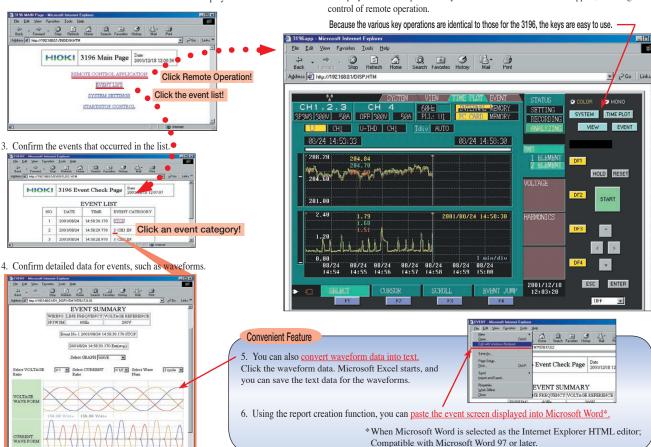
By connecting a PC to the 3196, you can set up various types of network measurement systems through a LAN or RS-232C interface.



View the 3196 screen on your PC as soon as you open the remote application from your Web browser!

1. Enter the IP address for the 3196 on the browser to display the main screen.

2. A display screen and operation keys identical to those for the 3196 appear, allowing full control of remote operation



Easy-to-Use Application Software Package for Further Data Analysis

PQA-HiVIEW PRO 9624-50

Features

■ Viewer function

Use this function to display screens similar to those used for the 3196.

Select from the **TIME PLOT screen** (voltage fluctuation, RMS fluctuation, harmonic fluctuation, inter-harmonic fluctuation), event list screen, event data screen (waveforms, vectors, DMM, harmonics, event details), AV10 screen(Japanese standard), or **settings screen**. In the TIME PLOT screen, and use the two cursors (A and B) to calculate waveforms within a specified interval.

Demand/integral power consumption function

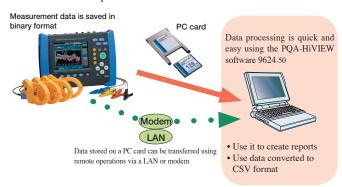
Calculate demand and integral power consumption from TIME PLOT data for effective power.

■ Binary CSV format conversion function

Convert binary data into CSV format for event waveforms within the specified range in the TIME PLOT screen or event waveforms selected in the event waveform screen. Files saved in CSV format can be used with spreadsheet software on your PC.

Print function

Use this function in each screen to output reports to a printer connected to your PC.



1.Load measurement data and then select the desired display from the toolbar

1. After loading the data, the possible displays are shown on the toolbar

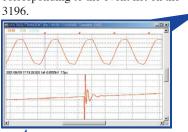


2. Display multiple 3196 screens simultaneously on your PC, and make calculations and analyses using cursors

- 2. Copy (a screen)
- 3. Print
- 4. Event list screen
- 5. Event data screen
- 6. TIME PLOT screen
- 7. ΔV10 screen
- 8. Integral power consumption screen
- Demand screen
- 10. Settings screen
- 11. Arrange windows
- 12. A and B cursors

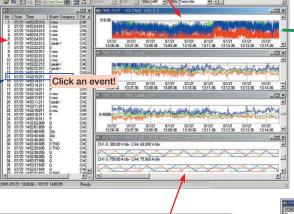
Event list screen

This screen displays an event list corresponding to the event list on the



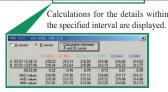
■ TIME PLOT screen

This screen enables you to select four different types of data, including RMS fluctuation, voltage fluctuation, harmonic fluctuation, and inter-harmonic fluctuation data, and display the data in graphs corresponding to the TIME PLOT screen of the 3196.



Spot analysis using the cursor

Conduct spot analysis of time series data using the A and B cursors.



View power, voltage, and current data at a single glance in the DMM screen!

Event data screen

- the event that you selected in the event list.
- 1. Displays detailed data for 2. Displays nine different screens that correspond to the <u>VIEW</u> screen on the 3196, such as the waveform, vector, harmonics, and DMM screens.

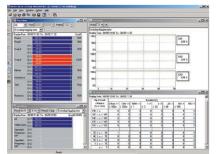
■ ITIC curve display function

Make ITIC (CBEMA) curve analyses (limit curve) based on the power quality control standards of the U.S.A.

■ EN50160 display functions

(applicable standard is EN50160:1999)

Effectively evaluate and analyze the quality of power according to EU standards.



* Change the upper or lower limit of the curve as desired.

■ Downloading from LAN

Data (BINARY/TEXT/BMP) recorded on a PC card or the internal memory of the 3196 can be downloaded via LAN to a personal computer. (*This can be done without use of the freeware Down96. Measurement on the 3196 must be halted during download.)

■ Report generation function

Choose from 3 types of report generation settings to take care of all the troublesome reporting operations, and either send the data to a printer or save as a Rich Text file. (Automatic: Output basic items. Individual setting: Select any item for output. Detailed setting: Specify a time-series graph in details for output.)

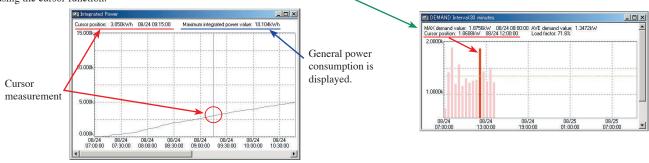
■ Positive phase, negative phase, and zero phase function

Recalculate event data captured by 3P4W circuits, and display each component of the voltage/current of the positive phase, negative phase, and zero phase.

Analyze power consumption and demand using acquired data

■ Integral power consumption analysis and demand analysis screens

These screens allow you to calculate measurement data and display it in the integral power consumption graph or demand graph. (Use them to display the maximum demand, average demand, and load ratio values.) Further, you can confirm the power data for a specific interval using the cursor function.



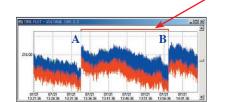
Quickly print reports and apply data

CSV format conversion function

Convert data displayed in the TIME PLOT or event waveform screen into CSV format. Converted data can be used with spreadsheet software on your PC.

Convenient Feature Specify a range using the A and B cursors, and convert the data within that range into CSV format.

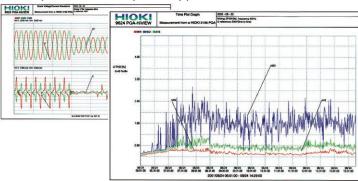
The interval between the A and B cursors is displayed in red.



■ Print function

Print a hard copy of the event list screen, event data screen, $\Delta V10$ screen, integral power consumption screen, or demand screen, one at a time. In the TIME PLOT screen, you can collect all of the screens that are currently open and print them on a single sheet.

Print example: Event waveform screen printed on A4 paper



9624-50 Specifications

-1. Function specifications

Data loading functions

Data that can be loaded :Binary data recorded using the 3196

SET files (Settings data), ITV files (TIME PLOT data), EVT files (Event data (lists, voltage and current waveforms, transient waveforms, numerical values), FLC files (Flicker

data (ΔV10, IEC)), TRN files (Transient waveforms),

EN50160. files (EN50160 dasta), EVENT.EN files (EN50160 Event data)

Maximum data capacity : Up to 528 MB

Data display functions SYSTEM display function

Screen display :SYSTEM (settings) content screen

TIME PLOT display function

Screen display : RMS fluctuation, voltage fluctuation, harmonic

fluctuation, inter-harmonic fluctuation

Number of display screens : Up to $4\ \rm screens$

Cursor function :A and B cursors (interval calculation function provided)

EVENT list display function

Screen display :EVENT list content display

Display method selection : Order events occurred in, or order of priority

EVENT data display function

Display function :Display the event data selected in the EVENT list

display screen

Screen display : Display one of the following screens ((1) to (4))

(1)Waveform display: Select from the voltage/current waveform, 4-channel voltage waveform, 4-channel current waveform, and

voltage/transient overvoltage waveform displays.

(2)Vector display :Select from the harmonic RMS value and phase angle

displays.

(3)DMM display :Displays power, voltage, and current values.

(4)Harmonics display:Select from the harmonics bar graph and list displays.

Cursor function :A and B cursors (interval calculation function provided)

for the waveform display screen

Positive/ Negative/ Zero phase calculation function

:Display voltage and current of the positive phase, negative phase, and zero phase.(In vector display screen, this is conducted

during the 3P4W wiring analysis.)

Flicker graph Display function

Screen display :ΔV10 Flicker graph or IEC Flicker graph

Cursor function : A and B cursors (interval calculation function provided)

EVENT voltage fluctuation graph Display function

Cursor function : A and B cursors (interval calculation function provided)

Integral power consumption calculation function

Settings : Analysis start time/period : Set the year, month, day, hours, minutes,

and seconds. /1 to 31 days

Display method and calculation items :

Integral power consumption graph, Integral power consumption (consumption + regeneration, and cursor measurement functions provided), Maximum integral power consumption (final integral power consumption for the specified analysis period)

Demand calculation function

Settings :Analysis start time/period : Set the year, month, day, hours, minutes,

and seconds. /1 to 31 days

Demand interval settings: 5, 10, or 30 minutes, 1, 2, 3, 6, or 12 hours

Display method and calculation items:

Demand graph (for consumption only), Average demand (average demand value for the specified analysis period), Maximum demand (maximum demand value for the specified analysis period), Load ratio (average demand/maximum demand × 100 [%])

ITIC curve display function

Display function : Plot event points on limited value curve (points indicating

swell/dip/interruption occurrence period and voltage)

Percent of nominal voltage: Maximum swell voltage or residual voltage ratio against

official voltage

Violation count display : Number of upper-limit violations, number of lower-limit

violations, and total number of events

Limit curve selection : ITIC curve or user-defined curve (any setting)

EN50160 display function

Screen display : Overview/Harmonic/Signaling/Measurement result sorting

Copy function

Copy content : Saves the various screens in BMP format

Print function

Print format: Prints screen images, Paper size: A4 and Letter, Print preview: Yes

CSV format conversion function

Screens that can be converted :TIME PLOT and event waveform screens

Conversion settings : Specified interval conversion (TIME PLOT screen only)

Conversion setting selection (TIME PLOT screen only)

Report creation function

Output format : Output setting contents can be printed, or saved as a rich text file.

(1) Automatic output: RMS voltage fluctuation graph, worst case, maximum/minimum

list, total harmonic voltage distortion graph, Overview and Signaling data of EN50160, and all event detail list.

(2) Arbitrary output : Includes, in addition to automatic output, RMS current

fluctuation graph, transient waveform, total harmonic current distortion graph, Harmonic and result classification data of the

EN50160, and settings list.

(3) Detailed output : Voltage fluctuation, RMS fluctuation, harmonics fluctuation, and

interharmonics fluctuation.

Settings save function

Save user-defined curves, setting for sorting measurement result, report setting, etc.

Download function

Download data from the 3196 via LAN.

-2. Basic specifications

Supplied accessories :CD-R × 1

Operating environment : PC/AT-compatible devices

S :Englis

English or Japanese versions of the following

 Microsoft Windows 95 (9624 only, OSR2 or later versions only supported, Internet Explorer 3 or later required)

· Microsoft Windows 98, Me, NT 4.0, 2000 or XP

Memory : At least 128 MB

3196 Specifications

-1. Measurement and recording items

Recording item	Power	P&Harm	ALL_D	Recording item	Power	P&Harm	ALL_D
Transient overvoltage	0	0	0	Voltage unbalance factor	0	0	0
Voltage swell	0	0	0	Current unbalance factor	0	0	0
Voltage dip	0	0	0	Harmonic voltage	×	0	0
Instantaneous interruption	0	0	0	Harmonic current	×	0	0
Frequency	0	0	0	Harmonic power	×	0	0
RMS voltage	0	0	0	Harmonic voltage-current phase difference	×	0	0
RMS current	0	0	0	Inter-harmonic voltage	×	×	0
Voltage peak	0	0	0	Inter-harmonic current	×	×	0
Current peak	0	0	0	Total harmonic voltage distortion factor	0	0	0
Effective power	0	0	0	Total harmonic current distortion factor	0	0	0
Apparent power	0	0	0	Total inter-harmonic voltage distortion factor	×	×	0
Reactive power	0	0	0	Total inter-harmonic current distortion factor	×	×	0
Power factor/Displacement power factor	0	0	0	K factor	0	0	0
				Flicker (ΔV10/Pst, Plt)			

^{*} Select from a total of six different patterns when recording data. These consist of three available data patterns (Power, P&Harm, or ALL DATA), combined with two patterns, AVE and ALL (maximum, minimum, and average), of detailed data for each measurement item.

-2. Basic specifications

Power quality measurement

standards conformance : IEC61000-4-30:2002, IEEE1159,

EN50160:1999

Clock functions: Auto calendar, auto leap year, 24-hour clock
Real-time clock accuracy: Within ±0.3 s/day (when the 3196 is turned on)
Internal memory capacity for data: 13 MB (time series and event data)

Maximum recording interval: 1 month (internal memory)
Measurement time control: Manual/Specified time

Time series data settings

Recording item setting patterns : Power, P&Harm, and ALL DATA

MAX/MIN/AVE values : AVE values, ALL values (maximum, minimum, and average values)

Interval selections :1, 3, 15, or 30 seconds, 1, 5, 10, 15, or

30 minutes, 1 or 2 hours

Event settings

Event settings : All measurement settings except flicker and inter-harmonics

Event threshold value setting :OFF or desired numerical value Maximum number of recording events :100 (internal memory)

 $(Simultaneous\ events\ count\ as\ 1\ event.)$ Power supply : 12 V DC from the AC ADAPTER 9458 or BATTERY PACK 9459

Maximum rated power: 40 VA

Continuous operating time with battery: Approximately 30 minutes

(9459 battery pack)

External dimensions: Approximately 298W (11.73") × 215H (8.46") × 67D (2.64") mm (not including projections)

Mass: Approximately 2.25 kg (79.4 oz.) (including 9459 battery pack)

3196 Specifications

(Guaranteed accuracy period: 6 months / Certain specifications vary when measuring 400Hz circuits. Please inquire with your HIOKI distributor for details.)

-3. Input specifications

Measurement line types: Single-phase 2-wire, Single-phase 3-wire, Three-phase 3-

wire (3P3W2M, 3P3W3M) or Three-phase 4-wire, plus one

extra input channel

: Voltage : 4 channels (U1 to U4) (channel U4 can be Input channels

switched between AC and DC)

Current : 4 channels (I1 to I4)

: Voltage between U1, U2, and U3 without inter-channel Input methods

isolation

Voltage between U1 to U3 and U4 with inter-channel

isolation

Current input by clamp-on sensor

: Voltage : $4 \text{ M}\Omega \pm 10\%$ (differential input)

Current : 200 k Ω ±10% Measurement method : Simultaneous digital sampling of voltage and current

PLL synchronization (automatically switches to fixed clock during dropouts, so sampling is never interrupted)

PLL synchronization channel source : Voltage at either U1, U2, or U3

PLL synchronization frequency range: 42.5 to 69 Hz

Sampling frequency:

Input resistance

For calculations (including DC measurement) : 256 points/cycle

:256 points/8 cycles (for 400 Hz) :2048 points/10 cycles (for 50 Hz) For harmonic and inter-harmonic analysis

2048 points/12 cycles (for 60 Hz) 2048 points/80cycles (for 400 Hz)

:2 MHz

For transient overvoltage (impulse) A/D converter resolution:

For calculations (including DC measurement) : 16 bits For transient overvoltage (impulse) : 12 bits

Voltage measurement range:

Channels 1 to 3 :150.00, 300.00, 600.00 Vrms Channel 4 :60.000, 150.00, 300.00, 600.00 Vrms ±60.000, 600.00 V pk (DC measurement)

Voltage crest factor: 3 or less

Current measurement range:

With Model 9694 sensor : 5.0000, 50.000 Arms With Model 9660 sensor :50.000, 100.00 Arms With Model 9661 sensor 50.000, 500.00 Arms

With Model 9667 sensor : 50.000, 500.00 A or 500.00 A, 5.0000 kArms

With Model 9669 sensor : 100.00 A, 1.0000 kArms

Current crest factor: 4 or less

-4. Measurement specifications

(For specifications when measuring 400Hz circuits, please inquire with your HIOKI distributor.)

RMS voltage

Measurement method : True RMS (calculated continuously every 10 or 12 cycles at 50 or

60 Hz respectively)

Range selection : Manual (channels 1 to 3 are set in the same operation)

Measurement accuracy : AC: ±0.2% rdg. ±0.1% f.s. DC: ±0.3% rdg. ±0.4% f.s.

RMS current

Measurement method : True RMS (calculated continuously every 10 or 12 cycles at 50 or

60 Hz respectively)

Range selection : Manual (channels 1 to 3 are set in the same operation) Measurement accuracy : ±0.2% rdg. ±0.1% f.s. + clamp-on sensor accuracy

Transient overvoltage (impulse)

Measurement method : 2 MHz sampling : 2000 Vpk Measurement range

Display items 4 ms waveform (2 ms before and after center peak) Period : Period exceeding threshold (max. 4 ms)

Minimum detectable duration : $0.5 \mu s$

: ±5.0% rdg. ±20 V (1000 V DC and 700 Vrms/100 kHz) Measurement accuracy

Voltage swell (rise in RMS voltage)

Measurement method : True RMS (a single cycle is calculated by overlapping each half cycle) (The voltage between lines is measured for three phase 3-wire lines, and

phase voltage is measured for three phase 4-wire lines.)

Display items : Amplitude and duration of swell

Measurement accuracy : Same as RMS voltage

Voltage dip (drop in RMS voltage)

Measurement method : True RMS (a single cycle is calculated by overlapping each half cycle) (The voltage between lines is measured for three phase 3-wire lines, and phase voltage is measured for three phase 4-wire lines.)

Display items : Amplitude and duration of dip Measurement accuracy : Same as RMS voltage

Instantaneous Interruption

Measurement method : Same as voltage dip

Frequency Measurement range : 42.500 to 69.000 Hz

Measurement source : Voltage (same as the PLL synchronization source) Measurement accuracy : ±10 mHz (10 to 110% of range, with sine wave)

Active power

Measurement method : Calculated continuously every 10 or 12 cycles at 50 or

: ±0.2% rdg. ±0.1% f.s. + clamp-on sensor accuracy Measurement accuracy

Reactive power

Measurement accuracy : ±1 dgt. from the calculation of each measurement value

Power factor

Measurement range : -1.000 (lead) to 0.000 to +1.000 (lag)

Measurement accuracy : ±1 dgt. from the calculation of each measurement value

(±3 dgt. for the sum)

Displacement power factor

Measurement method : Calculated from the phase difference between the fundamental waveforms of voltage and current

Measurement range : -1.000 (lead) to 0.000 to +1.000 (lag) Measurement accuracy $\pm 0.5\%$ rdg. $\pm 0.2\%$ f.s. ± 1 dgt.(± 3 dgt. for the sum)

Voltage unbalance factor

: Calculation for three-phase 3-wire (3P3W3M) and three Measurement method phase 4-wire fundamental waveforms of voltage

Current unbalance factor

Measurement method : Calculation for three-phase 3-wire (3P3W3M) and

three-phase 4-wire fundamental waveforms of current

ΔV10 flicker

: $\Delta V10, \Delta V10$ (average over one hour, fourth maximum over one hour, maximum over one hour, overall maximum (during the measurement Display items

period)), ΔU (deviation with respect to nominal voltage)

Same operation as AGC for IEC flicker Standard voltage: Auto

Measurement accuracy : ±2% rdg.

IEC flicker (short period flicker Pst, long period flicker Plt)

: Per IEC61000-4-15 Measurement method

Pst is measured for 10 minutes, and Plt is measured for 2 hours

Measurement accuracy : ±5% rdg. or less of the limit value

Power

Harmonic voltage, current and power (including fundamental waveform components)

: Rectangular Analysis window Analysis orders 1 to 50

: Voltage/current : 1st to 20th orders : ±0.5% rdg. ±0.2% f.s. Measurement accuracy 21st to 50th orders : ±1.0% rdg. ±0.3% f.s.

1st to 20th orders : ±0.5% rdg. ±0.2% f.s. 21st to 30th orders $\pm 1.0\%$ rdg. $\pm 0.3\%$ f.s. 31st to 40th orders : ±2.0% rdg. ±0.3% f.s. 41st to 50th orders : ±3.0% rdg. ±0.3% f.s.

(for 50/60 Hz, clamp-on sensor accuracy must be included for current and power)

Inter-harmonic voltage and current : Rectangular : 0.5 to 49.5 Analysis window Analysis orders

Harmonic voltage/current phase difference (including fundamental waveform content)

Measurement method : Difference between voltage and current phase angle

components

Display items : Sum of all or multiple channels

Measurement accuracy

: 1st to 3rd orders : $\pm 2^{\circ}$ 4th to 50th orders : $\pm (0.02^{\circ} \times k + 2^{\circ})$, k = harmonic order (for 50/60 Hz, clamp-on sensor accuracy must be included for current and power)

-5. Display specifications

:6.4" TFT color LCD (640 × 480 dots) Display device

Text display : English, German, French, Italian, Spanish, Chinese or

-6. External interface specifications

(1) External control terminals : External event input and output

(2) PC card interface Slot : Compliant with PCMCIA/JEIDA PC Card Standard,

Type II slot \times 1

: Flash ATA cards up to 528 MB Compatible cards (3) RS-232C interface

Standard : EIA RS-232C-compliant (with 9-pin D-sub connector)

Destination device : Printer or modem or GPS : OFF, 1, 5, 10, or 30 minutes, 1 or 2 hours

Printer interval selections (4) LAN interface

Communications protocol: Ethernet and TCP/IP (with 10BASE-T RJ-45 connector)

-7. Environment & safety specifications

Operating environment : Indoors, up to a height of 2000 m (6562.2 ft) Storage temperature & humidity: -20 to 50°C, max. 80% rh (non-condensating) Operating temperature and humidity: 0 to 40°C, max. 80% rh (non-condensating) Maximum measurement terminal voltage: Voltage terminals: 780 Vrms AC,

1103 V peak Current terminals: 1.7 Vrms AC, 2.4 V peak

Maximum in-phase voltage: 600 Vrms AC (50/60 Hz, voltage input terminals)

Withstand voltage : 5.55 kVrms AC/15 sec

(50/60 Hz, 1 mA current sensitivity)

Between voltage and clamp input terminals, between the voltage input terminal and 3196 casing, and between voltage input terminals (U1 to U3) and voltage input terminal (U4)

Enclosure protection : IP30 (per EN60529)

:EN61326:1997+A1:1998+A2:2001 Standards conformance : EMC

CLASS A, EN61000-3-2:2000 and EN61000-3-3:1995+A1:2001

Safety :EN61010-1:2001

Voltage input unit :Contamination Level 2, Measurement Category III (Anticipated transient overvoltage: 6000 V)

Option Specifications

Clamp On Sensors	9694	9660	9661	9669	
Appearance	Cord length: 3 m (9.84 ft) C€ CAT III 300V	Cord length: 3 m (9.84 ft) C€ CAT III 300V	Cord length: 3 m (9.84 ft) CAT III 600V	Cord length: 3 m (9.84 ft) C€ CAT III 600V	
Primary current rating	5A AC	100 A AC	500 A AC	1000 A AC	
Output voltage	10 mV/A AC	1 mV/A AC	1 mV/A AC	0.5 mV/A AC	
Accuracy Amplitude	±0.3% rdg. ±0.02% f.s.	±0.3% rdg. ±0.02% f.s.	±0.3% rdg. ±0.01% f.s.	±1.0% rdg. ±0.01% f.s.	
(45 to 66 Hz) Phase	±2° or less	$\pm 1^{\circ}$ or less ($\pm 1.3^{\circ}$ for 90 A or more)	±0.5° or less	±1° or less	
Frequency characteristic	±1.0% or less fo	±2.0% or less for 66 Hz to 5 kHz (deviation from specified accuracy)			
Effect of external magnetic field	Corresponding to 0.1 A or less (with magnetic field of 400 A/m AC)			Corresponding to 1 A or less (with magnetic field of 400 A/m AC)	
Effect of conductor position	±0.5% or less			±1.5% or less	
Maximum rated voltage to earth	300 Vrms (insulated conductor)	300 Vrms (insulated conductor)	600 Vrms (insulated conductor)	600 Vrms (insulated conductor)	
Maximum allowable input (45 to 66 Hz)	50 A continuous	130 A continuous	550 A continuous	1000 A continuous	
Measurable conductor diameter	φ15 mm (0.59") or less	$(0.59")$ or less $\phi 15 \text{ mm} (0.59")$ or less $\phi 46 \text{ mm} (1.81")$ or less $\phi 55 \text{ mm} (2.17")$ or $\phi 10.59"$		φ55 mm (2.17") or less, 80 (3.15") × 20 (0.79") mm busbar	
Dimensions and weight	46W (1.81") × 135H (5.31") × 21D (0.83") mm, 230 g (8.1 oz.)	46W (1.81") × 135H (5.31") × 21D (0.83") mm, 230 g (8.1 oz.)	77W (3.03") × 151H (5.94") × 42D (1.65") mm, 360g (12.7 oz.)	99.5W (3.92") × 188H (7.40") × 42D (1.65") mm, 590g (20.8 oz.)	

Clamp On Sensor	9667		
Appearance	Cord length Sensor to circuit: 2 m (6.56 ft) Circuit to connector: 1 m (3.28 ft) € CAT III 1000V		
Primary current rating	500 A AC, 5000 A		
Output voltage	500 mV AC f.s.		
Accuracy Amplitude	±2.0% rdg. ±1.5 mV (for input 10% or more of the range)		
(45 to 66 Hz) Phase	±1° or less		
Frequency characteristic	±3 dB or less for 10 Hz to 20 kHz (deviation from specified accuracy)		
Effect of external magnetic field	Corresponding to 5 A, 7.5 A max. (with magnetic field of 400 A/m AC)		
Effect of conductor position	±3.0% or less		
Maximum rated voltage to earth	1000 Vrms (insulated conductor)		
Maximum allowable input (45 to 66 Hz)	10000 A continuous		
Measurable conductor diameter	φ254 mm (10") or less		
Dimensions and weight	Sensor length: 910 mm (2.99 ft), 240 g (8.5 oz.), Circuit: 57W (2.24") × 86H (3.39") × 30D (1.18") mm, 140 g (4.9 oz.)		
Power supply	LR03 alkaline battery × 4 (continuous operation max. 168 hours) or AC ADAPTER 9445 (optional)		

CLAMP-ON ADAPTER 9290-10



Cord length: 3 m (9.84 ft) Up to 1500 A AC, CT ratio: 10:1 Measurable conductor diameter: \$\phi 55 \text{ mm (2.17"), width: 80 mm (2.17") bus bar

CARRYING CASE 9339



(soft case)



450W (17.72") × 350H (13.78") × 200D (7.87") mm, 3.0 kg (106.01 oz.)



380W (14.96") × 560H (22.05") × 260D (10.24") mm, 6.3 kg (222.2 oz.)

Standard accessories AC ADAPTER 9458 100 to 240 V AC, 1.2 A $104W~(4.09")~\times~51H~(2.01")~\times~18D~(0.71")~mm,~250~g~(8.83~oz.)$ BATTERY PACK 9459

PRINTER 9670 option components

The AC ADAPTER 9671 should be purchased along with the PRINTER 9670. Also, the RS-232C CONNECTION CABLE 9638 or RS-232C cable (9- to 25-pin crossover) is required to connect to the 3196.

A battery pack and battery charger to power the Printer 9670 are also available in some countries. Please contact your HIOKI distributor for details.

AC ADAPTER 9671

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■ Accessories

POWER QUALITY ANALYZER 3196

(VOLTAGE MEASUREMENT CABLE 9438-02 (one each of red, yellow, blue and gray, plus four black lines, Cord length: 3 m (9.84 ft), BATTERY PACK 9459, AC ADAPTER 9458, Strap, LAN connector cover, Input Cord Label, Operating Manual (CD-R), Quick Start Manual)

By itself, the **3196** is only capable of voltage measurement. Purchase the optional **CLAMP-ON SENSOR 9660** or **9661** for current and power measurement.

Standard combination example

For three-phase 3-wire (3P3W3M) and three-phase 4-wire measurements Models 3196 + 9661 (500 A) × 3 + 9339 + PC card (128 MB)

■ Options				
CLAMP ON SENSOR (100 A AC) Voltage output type	9660			
CLAMP ON SENSOR (500 A AC) Voltage output type	9661			
FLEXIBLE CLAMP ON SENSOR (5000 A AC) Voltage output type				
AC ADAPTER (for the 9667, for America, Japan)				
AC ADAPTER (for the 9667, for Europe)	9445-03			
CLAMP ON SENSOR (1000 A AC) Voltage output type	9669			
CLAMP ON SENSOR (5 A AC) Voltage output type	9694			
CLAMP ON LEAK SENSOR (5A AC with Model 3196) Voltage Output Type				
CLAMP ON LEAK SENSOR (5A AC with Model 3196) Voltage Output Type	9675			
CLAMP ON ADAPTER	9290-10			
WIRING ADAPTER (3P3W)	9264-01			
WIRING ADAPTER (3P4W)	9264-02			
VOLTAGE MEASUREMENT CABLE (standard accessory)	9438-02			
BATTERY PACK (standard accessory)	9459			
PRINTER (with one roll recording paper)	9670			
AC ADAPTER (for 9670)	9671			
RECORDING PAPER (80 mm (3.15") x 25 m (82.03 ft), 4 rolls, for 9670)	9237			
RS-232C CABLE (1.5 m (4.92 ft), for printer connection)	9638			
LAN CABLE (5m (16.41 ft), with straight and crossover connectors)	9642			
CARRYING CASE (soft)	9339			
CARRYING CASE (hard)	9340			
PQA-HIVIEW PRO (PC application software)	9624-50			
PC CARD 128 M	9726			
PC CARD 256 M	9727			
PC CARD 512 M	9728			
Operating Manual (bound version)				
GPS Box (including antenna and RS-232C cable)	XD112			